Nombre \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ clase \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fecha \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

La tarea / la practica: Practice the following **learning targets** **(L.T.)** for homework:

**L.T. #1: know the chart: subject pronouns and endings s – v agreement conjugate a verb** Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb in parenthesis:

1. (cocinar) Mi mama \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mucho en casa.
2. (cantar) Yo no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_en clase de coro.
3. (bailar) Tu \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ con la musica en la radio.
4. (pronunciar) ¿ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_tu espanol bien o mal?
5. (llegar) El amigo de Maria \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a escuela tarde.
6. (celebrar) El chico de mexico \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_la navidad con la familia.

**L.T. #2: frases negativas: know how to day "don’t" do something.** Traduce: Translate:

1. I don’t take the bus. Yo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_el autobus.
2. She does not study. Ella \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. I don’t watch much tv. Yo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mucho television.
4. I don’t like to take pictures. Yo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fotos
5. A Student does not earn money at school. Un estudiante \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_dinero a escuela.
6. Paco doesn’t work. Paco \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**L.T. #3: forming a question in Spanish: (V + S)** Provide a question that makes sense for the response: remember: you ask the VERB then the SUBJECT: ex: ? work you ?

1. ¿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Yo no toco un instrumento.
2. ¿ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Maria toma el autobus a escuela.
3. ¿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Sra. Sarar trabaja a Garretson.
4. ¿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Me gusta viajar a Mexico.
5. ¿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Si, yo hablo espanol.
6. **¿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Los chicos bailan a la discoteca**

**L.T. #4: tu vs usted (you vs. you)** Traduce : Write Tu or Usted Tu = you informal (as) Usted is you formal (a)

1. ¿trabaja \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sr. Hughes?
2. Hola, amiga! ¿Que escuchas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ en el MP3?
3. Sr. Long, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no trabaja a Flandreau.
4. ¿Como llegas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a escuela? En autobus o coche?
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_no tocas un instrumento.
6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_necesitas estudiar.

**L.T. #5: to change or not to change ( leave it in the infinitive form or change it to: o,as,a)** Provide a verb in the blank in the correct form.

1. ¿te gusta \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_el piano tu?

 4. Yo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mi novio a la fiesta con una invitacion.

2. Yo necesito \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ganar dinero.

5-6. Senor Steck \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_geografia. No me gusta \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ geografia.

3. ¿a que hora \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Marta a escuela?